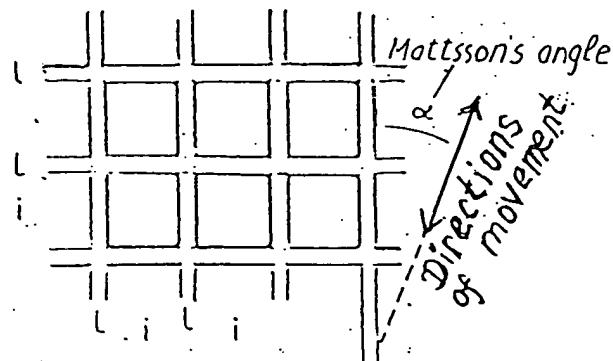


Kolov. Information to Amendmend to Advisory Action at 10/17/94



Mattsson's design of Grid

$$\operatorname{tg} \alpha_1 = \frac{1}{3i + 2i}$$

$$\operatorname{tg} \alpha_2 = \frac{1}{2i + 2i}$$

$$\operatorname{tg} \alpha_3 = \frac{1}{1 + i}$$

$$\operatorname{tg} \alpha_4 = \frac{2i + i}{1 + i}$$

$$\operatorname{tg} \alpha_5 = \frac{3i + 2i}{1 + i}$$

$$\operatorname{tg} \alpha_6 = \frac{2i + 2i}{1 + i}$$

$$\operatorname{tg} \alpha_1 = \frac{1 + i}{3i + 2i} (= \cot \alpha_1)$$

$$\operatorname{tg} \alpha_2 = \frac{1 + i}{2i + 2i} (= \cot \alpha_2)$$

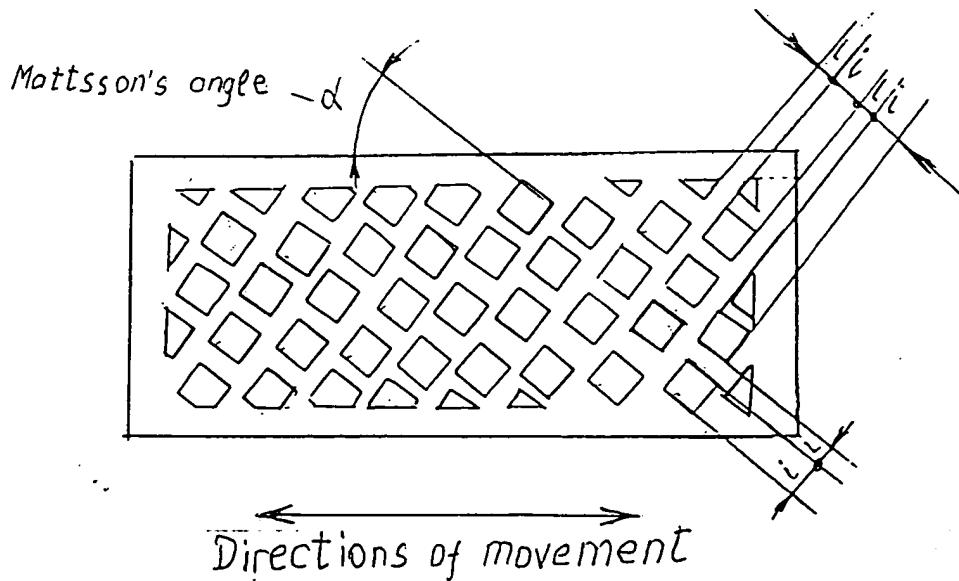
$$\operatorname{tg} \alpha_3 = \frac{1 + i}{1 + i} (= \cot \alpha_3)$$

$$\operatorname{tg} \alpha_4 = \frac{2i + 2i}{1} (= \cot \alpha_4)$$

$$\operatorname{tg} \alpha_5 = \frac{3i + 3i}{1} (= \cot \alpha_5)$$

$$\operatorname{tg} \alpha_6 = \frac{2i + 2i}{2i + i} (= \cot \alpha_6)$$

Mattsson's formulas

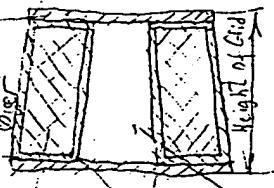


Design of Grid by present invention

Dr. Sopopov
Grid.

Analysis of differences between D. Sokolov's grid and grids opposed by Examiner T. Church and evidence of possibility of Grid of D. Sokolov cellular in it's assembled collimator. Where is Caldwell's apparatus.

Schematic
Crosssection of
Structure



Date of filing
to US Patent Off.
and name of
document
11/29/94,
Disclosure
document
297 H1

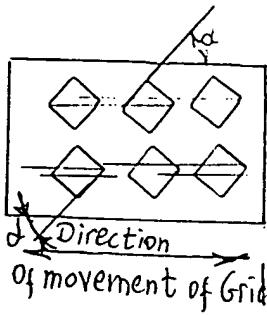
X-ray transmitted material
X-ray absorbing material

- For creation of cellular structure plate of photosensitive glass is exposed by X-ray.

Filed in US Patent & Trademark
Office at November 29 1991,
Disclosure document 297111 - - -

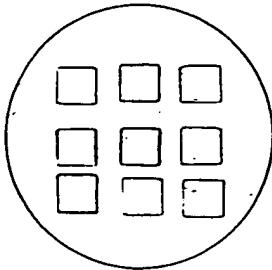
Plane view

Plane view



Nondiagonal orientation
of cells, under angled
(Mattsson angle) relation
to side which parallel
of direction of movement
of grid

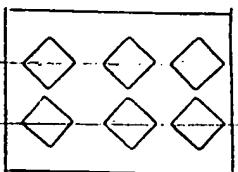
Plane view



Parallel each other
cells, no any
movements of collimator

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Plane view



Direction
of movement of grid

Diagonal orientation to sides which parallel to direction of movement of Grid

EXHIBIT 2

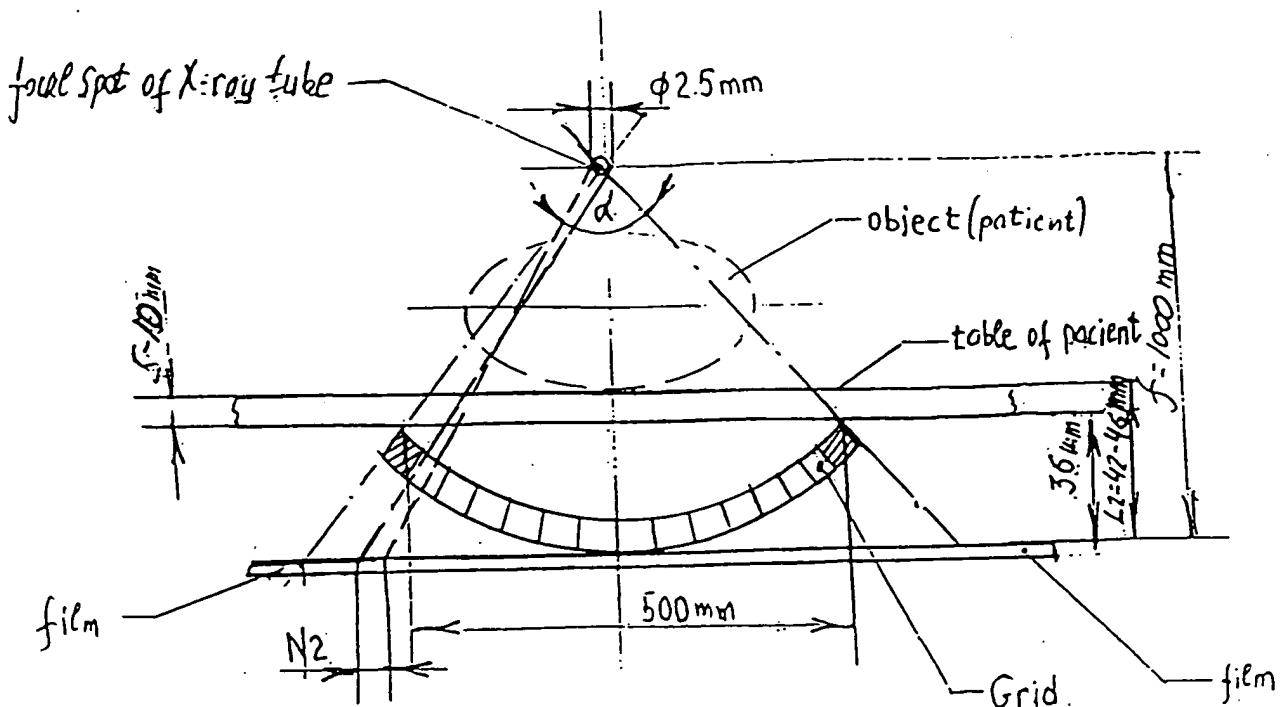


Fig. A

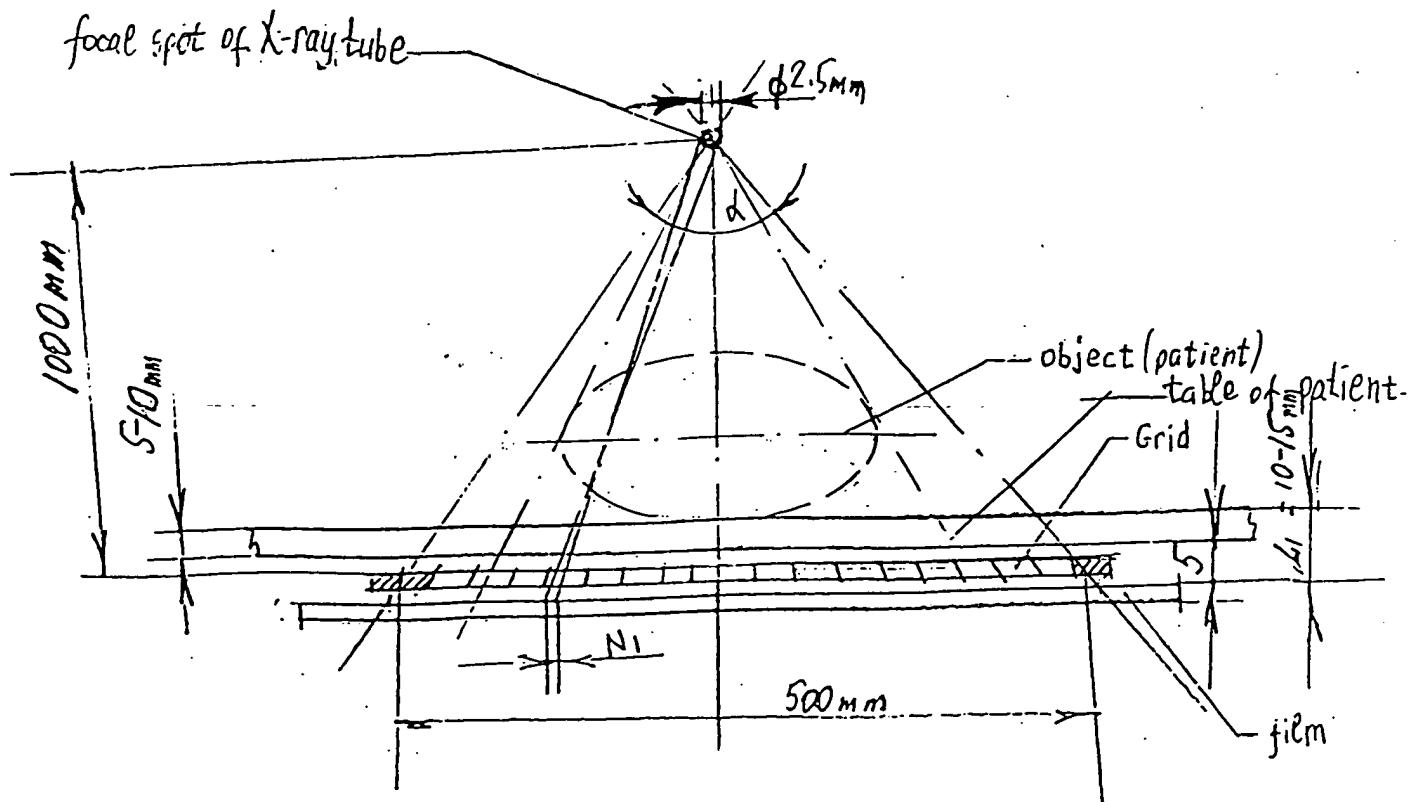
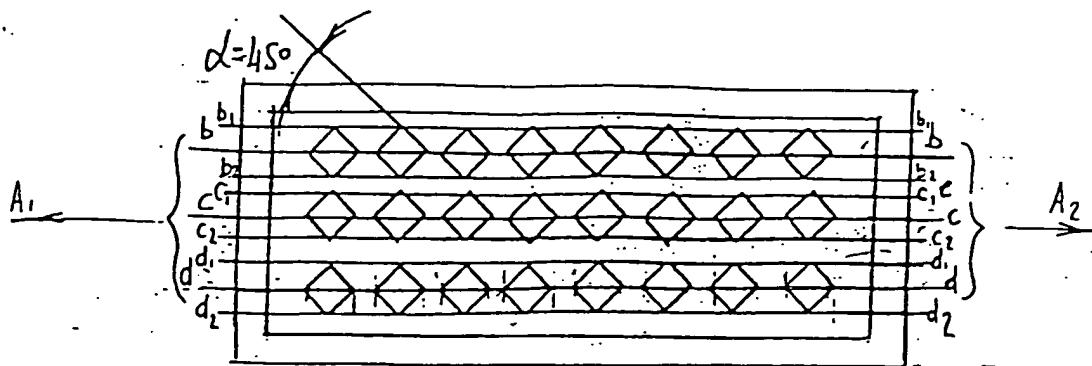


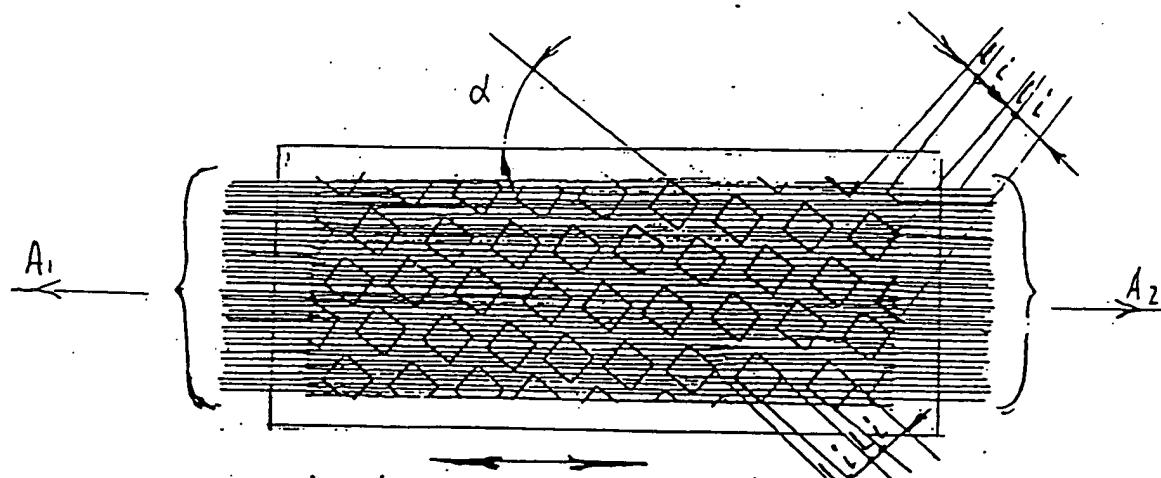
Fig B.



A_1, A_2 - directions of movement

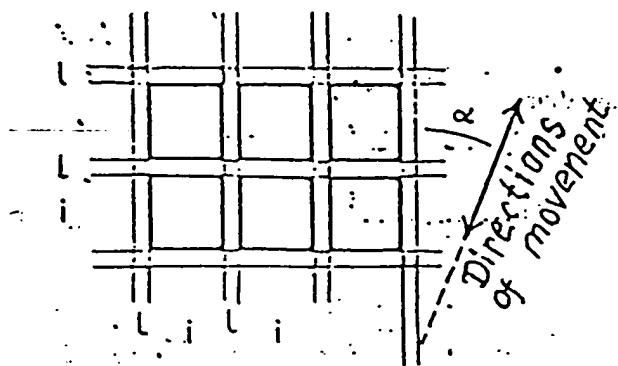
Fig. C

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A_1, A_2 - directions of movement

Design of grid by present invention



$$\begin{aligned}
 \operatorname{tg} \alpha_1 &= \frac{1}{3i+3i} & \operatorname{tg} \alpha_1 &= \frac{1+i}{3i+2i} (= \cot \alpha_1) \\
 \operatorname{tg} \alpha_2 &= \frac{1}{2i+2i} & \operatorname{tg} \alpha_2 &= \frac{1+i}{2i+1} (= \cot \alpha_2) \\
 \operatorname{tg} \alpha_3 &= \frac{1}{1+i} & \operatorname{tg} \alpha_3 &= \frac{1+i}{1} (= \cot \alpha_3) \\
 \operatorname{tg} \alpha_4 &= \frac{2i+1}{1+i} & \operatorname{tg} \alpha_4 &= \frac{2i+2i}{1} (= \cot \alpha_4) \\
 \operatorname{tg} \alpha_5 &= \frac{3i+2i}{1+i} & \operatorname{tg} \alpha_5 &= \frac{3i+3i}{1} (= \cot \alpha_5) \\
 \operatorname{tg} \alpha_6 &= \frac{2i+1}{2i+2i} & \operatorname{tg} \alpha_6 &= \frac{2i+2i}{2i+1} (= \cot \alpha_6)
 \end{aligned}$$

Mottson's formulas

Fig. D

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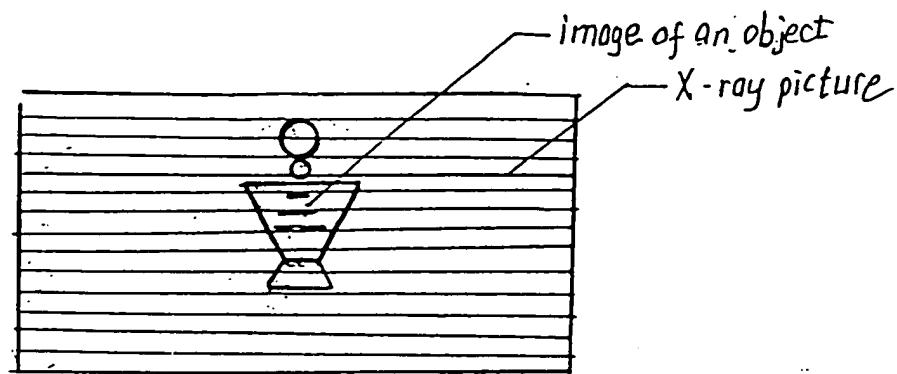


Fig. E

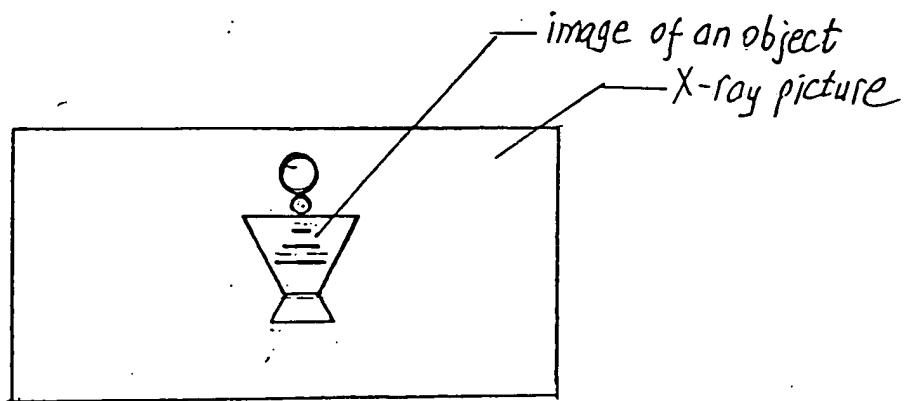


Fig. F